

Can bulk heterojunction solar cells be used in large-scale applications?

During the last years the performance of bulk heterojunction solar cells has been improved significantly. For a large-scale application of this technology further improvements are required. This article reviews the basic working principles and the state of the art device design of bulk heterojunction solar cells.

How efficient are organic bulk heterojunction solar cells?

In the last decade, large progress has been made in improving the power conversion efficiency of organic bulk heterojunction solar cells. Today a single junction organic BHJ with an efficiency of 10% is listed in the efficiency table of the Journal Progress in Photovoltaics.

Do bulk heterojunction solar cells have high power conversion efficiencies?

The importance of high power conversion efficiencies for the commercial exploitation is outlined and different efficiency models for bulk heterojunction solar cells are discussed. Assuming state of the art materials and device architectures several models predict power conversion efficiencies in the range of 10-15%.

What is LD in a bulk heterojunction solar cell?

Recent measurements indicate that LD is in the range of 10 nm for several prototype conjugated polymers used in bulk heterojunction solar cells, which means that an intermixing of the donor and the acceptor moieties on the nanometer scale is required.

Are heterojunction solar cells efficient?

Ordinary heterojunction solar cells are high efficiency if the carrier mobility and electrical conductivity of the D and A layers are high. However, only the excitons generated near the D/A interface contribute to the photocurrent.

What is the absorber layer of a bulk heterojunction solar cell?

The absorber layer of an efficient state of the art bulk heterojunction solar cell is made of so-called donor and acceptor molecules. As donors usually conjugated polymers, oligomers or conjugated pigments, as acceptors frequently fullerene derivatives are applied (Fig. 2). Often these materials are classified as organic semiconductors.

In the last few years, the performance of organic solar cells (OSCs) based on bulk heterojunction (BHJ) structure has remarkably improved. However, for a large scale roll to roll (R2R) manufacturing of this technology and precise ...

Sequentially Deposited Active Layer with Bulk-Heterojunction-like Morphology for Efficient Conventional and Inverted All-Polymer Solar Cells. ACS Applied Energy Materials 2021, 4 (11), 13307-13315.

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The development of the bulk heterojunction (BHJ) has significantly overcome these issues, resulting in dramatic improvements in organic photovoltaic performance, now exceeding 18% power conversion ...

The addition of squaraine dye to a polymer bulk heterojunction solar cell is shown to enhance light harvesting and cell efficiency through Förster resonance energy transfer.

Controlling the Morphology and Performance of Bulk Heterojunctions in Solar Cells. Lessons Learned from the Benchmark Poly(3-hexylthiophene):[6,6]-Phenyl-C<sub>61</sub>-Butyric Acid Methyl Ester System. ...

Early heterojunction-based solar cells were limited to relatively modest efficiencies (<4%) owing to limitations such as poor exciton dissociation, limited photon harvesting, and high recombination losses. The development of the bulk heterojunction (BHJ) has significantly overcome these issues, resulting in dramatic improvements in organic ...

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The status of understanding of the operation of bulk heterojunction (BHJ) solar cells is reviewed. Because the carrier photoexcitation recombination lengths are typically 10 nm in these disordered materials, the length scale for self-assembly must be of order 10-20 nm. Experiments have verified the existence of the BHJ ...

The fundamental of BHJ, working mechanism, characteristics, architecture and recent breakthroughs of this technology for solar cells, photocatalytic applications and photodetectors are highlighted in this article. The approaches to advance the stability, including the control over morphology, absorption coefficient, charge carrier mobility and ...

The development of the bulk heterojunction (BHJ) has significantly overcome these issues, resulting in dramatic improvements in organic photovoltaic performance, now exceeding 18% power conversion efficiencies. Here, the design and engineering strategies used to develop the optimal bulk heterojunction for solar-cell, photodetector ...

Recent efforts in materials and device architecture optimization have pushed the power conversion efficiency of bulk heterojunction organic solar cells (BHJ OSCs) well beyond 10% 1,2,3.All of ...

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In this work, a bulk-heterojunction-buried (buried-BHJ) structure is introduced by sequential deposition to realize efficient exciton dissociation and charge collection, thereby contributing to efficient OSCs with 500 nm thick active layers. The buried-BHJ distributes donor and acceptor phases in the vertical direction as charge ...

Pyrrolopyrrole-1,3-dione-Based Wide Band-Gap Polymeric Donors Exemplify High Voltage and Diminutive Energy Loss for Efficient Binary and Tandem Nonfullerene Organic Solar Cells with Efficiency Exceeding 15.7%.

Bulk-heterojunction (BHJ) solar cells are an emerging technology for solar energy conversion alongside dye-sensitized solar cells (DSSCs) and perovskite solar cells.

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