

What is organic solar cell materials & device physics?

Organic Solar Cells: Materials and Device Physics offers an updated review on the topics covering the synthesis, properties and applications of new materials for various critical roles in devices from electrodes, interface and carrier transport materials, to the active layer composed of donors and acceptors.

What are organic solar cells?

Organic solar cells, also known as organic photovoltaics (OPVs), employ organic materials as the active layer to convert sunlight into electricity. Unlike traditional inorganic solar cells, organic solar cells utilize organic molecules or polymers that can be fabricated using low-cost, scalable solution-based processes.

What materials are used in organic solar cells?

One of the most successful small molecule materials for organic solar cells is PCDTBT, or poly [N-9'-heptadecanyl-2,7-carbazole-alt-5,5-(4',7'-di-2-thienyl-2',1',3'-benzothiadiazole)]. PCDTBT has a high molar extinction coefficient, which enables it to absorb a large amount of light in the visible spectrum.

How do organic solar cells work?

Organic solar cells, also known as organic photovoltaics (OPV), utilize organic materials to convert sunlight into electricity. They operate based on the absorption of photons by organic semiconductors, which create excitons--electron-hole pairs.

Are organic solar cells flexible?

Flexibility is the key characteristic of organic solar cells, providing their application in special areas. This review provides deep insights into flexible OSCs from materials, fabrication techniques to potential applications.

How can organic solar cells be commercially viable?

Developing materials and encapsulation strategies that offer improved resistance to environmental factors such as moisture, oxygen, and light degradation will be crucial for advancing the commercial viability of organic solar cells. 5.

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This Review summarizes the types of materials used in the photoactive layer of solution-processed organic solar cells, discusses the advantages and disadvantages of combinations of...

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Herein, we develop organic solar cells (OSCs), processed from a single terpene solvent, eucalyptol (Eu), with almost no environmental hazards and toxicity. Notably, a record-high power conversion efficiency (PCE) of 15.1% is achieved without any additive, which is particularly significant given the low PCEs (0.1-3.0%) of previous OSCs using a ...

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In this review, high-performance acceptors, containing fullerene derivatives, small molecular, and polymeric non-fullerene acceptors (NFAs), are discussed in detail. ...

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Organic solar cells (OSCs) are considered one of the most promising photovoltaic technologies for carbon neutrality due to their low cost, solution processibility, flexibility, and lightweight. [1-7] Owing to the extensive research efforts devoted to material development, device optimization, and interface engineering, the power conversion ...

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During past several years, the photovoltaic performances of organic solar cells (OSCs) have achieved rapid progress with power conversion efficiencies (PCEs) over 18%, demonstrating a great practical application prospect. The development of material science including conjugated polymer donors, oligomer-like organic molecule donors, fused and ...

Some even employ nanostructured or organic materials for high conversion efficiency through processes like hot carrier collection, impact ionization, or novel semiconductor designs with multiple energy levels. However, silicon solar cells are not yet economically competitive with fossil fuels, necessitating further cost reduction.

The evolution of photovoltaic cells is intrinsically linked to advancements in the materials from which they are fabricated. This review paper provides an in-depth analysis of the latest developments in silicon-based, organic, and perovskite solar cells, which are at the forefront of photovoltaic research. We scrutinize the unique characteristics, advantages, and limitations ...

Organic solar cells (OSCs) are the emerging photovoltaic devices in the third-generation solar cell technologies and utilized the conductive organic polymers or small organic molecules for absorption of light in the broad region of the solar spectrum and for charge transportation purpose. It has attracted enormous attention due to their easy fabrication strategies, large-area ...

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